

Forward-looking statement

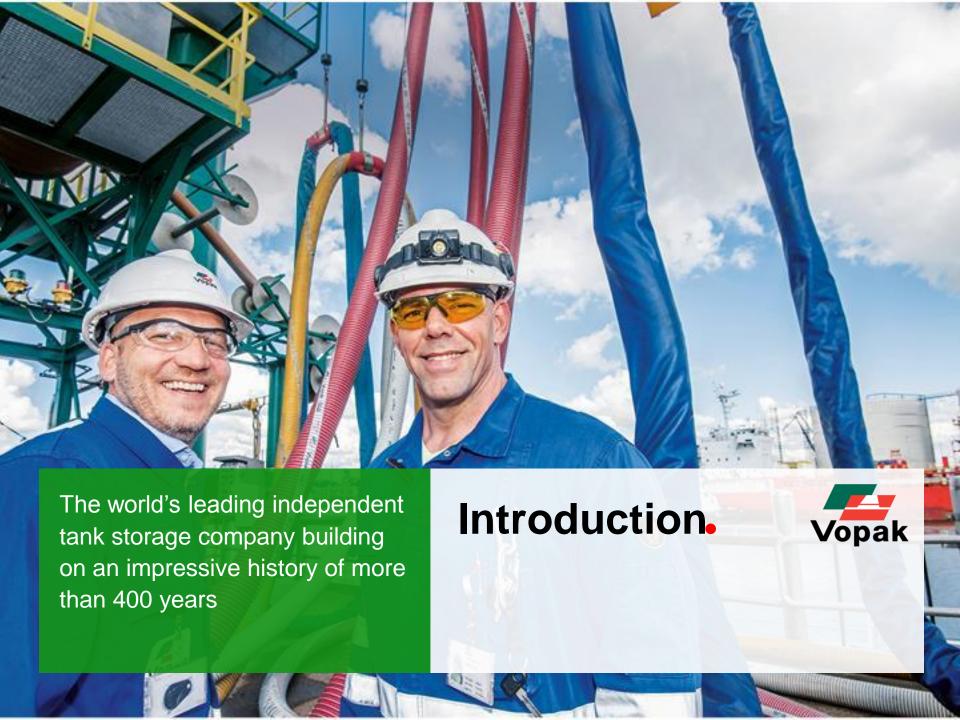


This presentation contains 'forward-looking statements', based on currently available plans and forecasts. By their nature, forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties because they relate to events and depend on circumstances that may or may not occur in the future, and Vopak cannot guarantee the accuracy and completeness of forward-looking statements.

These risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to, factors affecting the realization of ambitions and financial expectations, developments regarding the potential capital raising, exceptional income and expense items, operational developments and trading conditions, economic, political and foreign exchange developments and changes to IFRS reporting rules.

Vopak's outlook does not represent a forecast or any expectation of future results or financial performance.

Statements of a forward-looking nature issued by the company must always be assessed in the context of the events, risks and uncertainties of the markets and environments in which Vopak operates. These factors could lead to actual results being materially different from those expected, and Vopak does not undertake to publicly update or revise any of these forward-looking statements.

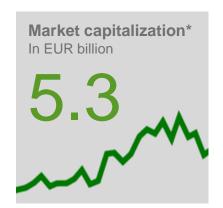


Vopak at a glance





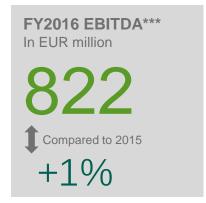














^{*}As per 19 April 2017

^{**}Subsidiaries only

^{***} Excluding exceptional items and including net result of joint ventures and associates

^{****} Excluding exceptional items; attributable to holders of ordinary shares

Four centuries of history



1616

'De Blaauwhoudenveem' was founded (much later known as 'Blaauwhoed')

1818

Establishment of Pakhuismeesteren van de Thee in Amsterdam and Rotterdam

1967 Merger of Pakhuismeesteren and Blaauwhoed into **Pakhoed**





1839

shipbroking company



1999

Merger of Pakhoed and Van Ommeren into Vopak

2016

400th anniversary of Vopak



NOTE: above mentioned timeline is a selection of our history. We invite you to look at the full timeline on our website (www.vopak.com)

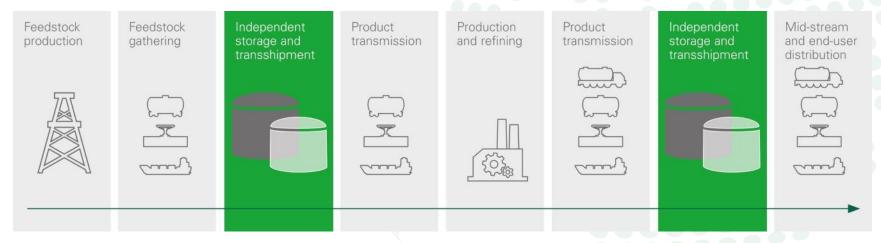
Introduction Demand Strategy Capital Business Looking ahead execution management performance & other topics

Who we are



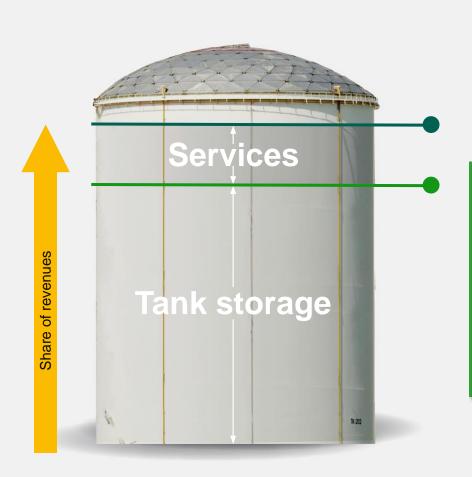
We ensure safe, efficient and clean storage of products that are needed to meet the basic needs of people. This is what our stakeholders value us for. We store vital products with care.

Vopak in the supply chain



Business model





- Blending
- Heating / cooling
- Additional handling services related to loading / unloading
- Excess throughput fees
- Administrative support
- Monthly invoicing in arrears
- Fixed rental fees for rented capacity (per cbm)
- Fixed number of throughputs per year
- Vopak does not own the product
- Monthly invoicing in advance

The occupancy rate is the commercial rented-out portion of the full base capacity

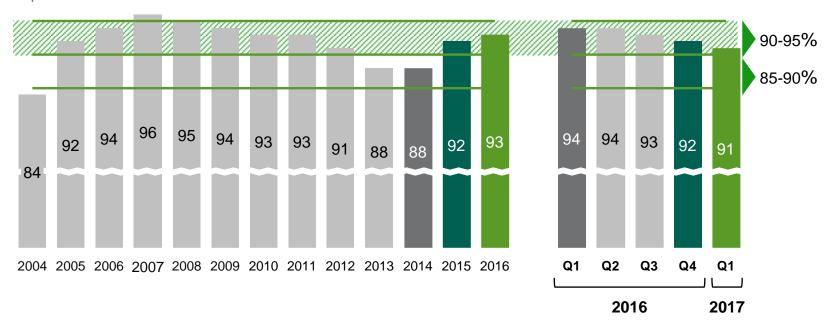
Occupancy rate developments



Vopak is confident that it will achieve an average occupancy rate of at least 90% in 2017

Occupancy rate*

In percent

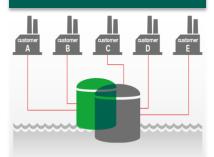


^{*}Subsidiaries only

Strategic terminal types



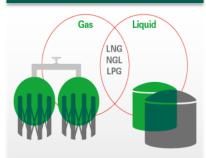
Industrial terminals



Industrial terminals in the Americas, the Middle East and Asia

Petrochemical customers are increasingly interested in contracting storage and handling services that are integrated in their industrial processes but executed by specialists like us.

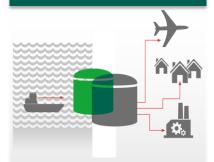
Gas terminals



Terminals facilitating growth in global gas markets

Based on the shale gas developments in North America, the global growth in LNG liquefaction and the diversification of energy and feedstock in the Middle East, we observe increasing demand for storage and handling services of LNG, LPG and various industrial gases.

Distribution terminals



Import and distribution terminals in major markets with structural deficits

The capacity for refining and petrochemical production is expected to disappear in certain energy consuming countries. These countries will continue to have a high demand for energy and chemicals. However, they lack competitive production capabilities.

Hub terminals



Major hubs, supporting intercontinental product flows

Major hubs are terminals along major shipping routes, where many suppliers and customers are active and where efficient supply chain management processes are of utmost importance. Major hubs in our network are: Houston, the ARA* region, Fujairah and the Singapore Strait.

^{*}Amsterdam-Rotterdam-Antwerp

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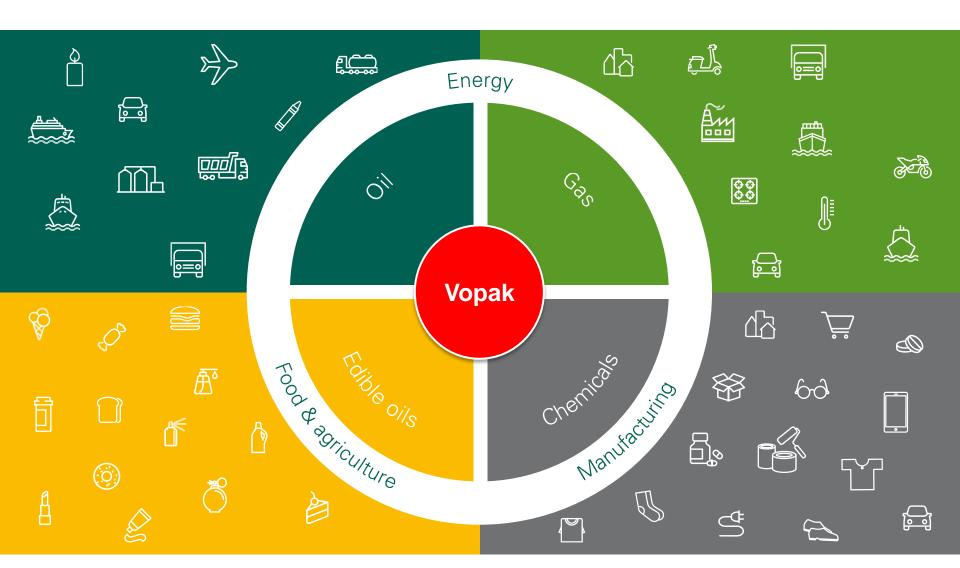
Global presence





Diversified product-market mix





Well-balanced global portfolio



Oil products	Chemical products	Industrial terminals	Vegoils & biofuels	Gas products	
0-5 years	0-5 years	5-20 years	0-3 years	10-20 years	Typical contract duration per product / terminal category
]



FY 2016 EBITDA* 40-45%

20-25%

20-25%

5-7.5%

3-5%

Share of EBITDA*

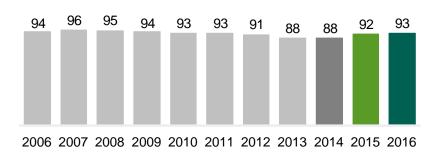
	Netherlands	EMEA	Asia	Americas	LNG	
*	EUR 286.5 million	EUR 121.1 million	EUR 296.7 million	EUR 120.5 million	EUR 28.0 million	
	Som &		The state of the s	Carried Contractions of the Carried Contraction Contractions of the Carried Contraction Contraction Contraction Contractions of the Carried Contraction Co		
					Oil products Chemical products Industrial terminals Vegoils & biofuels Gas products	6

Key developments



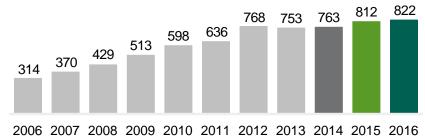
Occupancy rate*

In percent



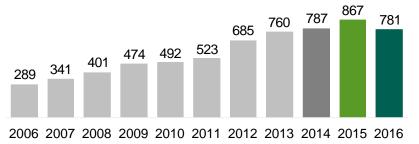
EBITDA development**

In EUR million



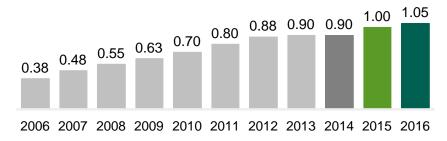
Cash flow from operating activities (gross)

In EUR million



Dividend

In EUR per ordinary share



^{*}Subsidiaries

^{**}Excluding exceptional items; including net result of joint ventures

Business challenges



Strategic

Competitive environment

Shifting energy landscape and product flows



Operational



Safety and service

Assure 2016

Productivity through technology

Compliance

Geopolitical and environmental issues

Legislation



Financial



Cash flow generation

Capital management

Discussions with investors



Economic & market dynamics

Slowdown emerging growth

 Developments oil and commodity prices

Governance

 Strategic partnerships and long-term value creation

Projects

- Projects under construction and business development
- Strategic considerations for disciplined capital allocation

Network alignment

Portfolio optimization

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Why invest in Vopak





Independent global storage and service provider active in all continents and all product groups



Market leader in safety and service standards with a strong focus on sustainability



Strategic locations with land available in emerging markets



New projects under construction and a full funnel of business development plans, supported by **long-term demand drivers**



Capital disciplined with strict investment criteria



Robust cash flow generation against a balanced risk-return profile with consistent dividend growth/distribution to shareholders



As the world population is growing and becoming more affluent, demand for vital products like energy, chemicals and food are increasing

Demand drivers.



Megatrends

Vopak

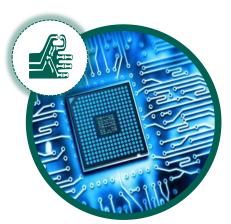
Influencing global demand and supply



Industrialization and urbanization in emerging economies



Changing demographics



Disruptive technologies



Geopolitical developments and global trade



Sustainability and climate

Impact on end markets



Energy, Manufacturing and Food & Agriculture



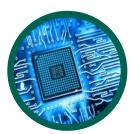












ENERGY

MANUFACTURING

FOOD & AGRICULTURE





- Power generation sector to be the largest segment of energy demand by 2035
- Within the energy mix, gas will grow the most
- Majority of growth will take place in China and India



- Demand growth in the Construction and Automotive sector, with material balance shifting towards the use of more plastics
- Increase in demand for plastic resins

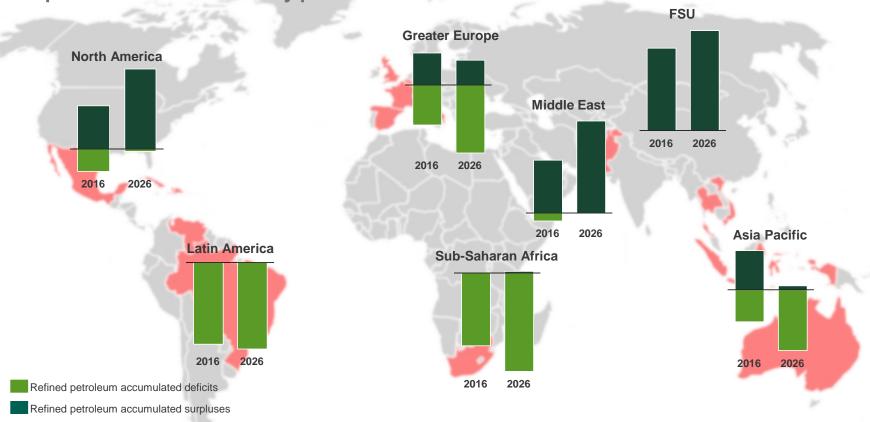


- Growth driven by increasing population and wealth levels
- Most GDP impact in Asia where diets will 'shift' towards Westernized diets
- Demand will grow in the East, supply growth will be in the West

Imbalances of petroleum products



Growing need for efficient hub functions and import/distribution type facilities

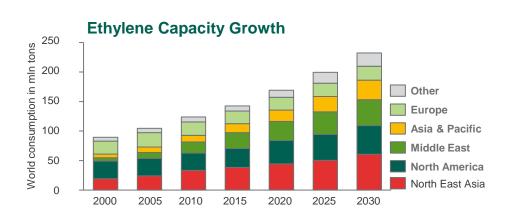


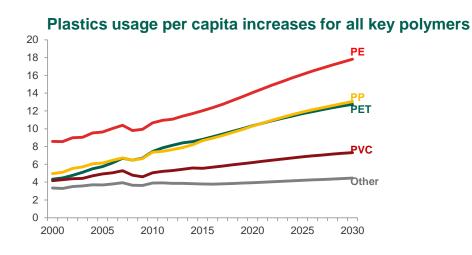
NOTE: Countries highlighted in red have shorts that increase with more than 2.5 million tons or have structural logistics constraints **SOURCE**: Wood Mackenzie product markets long-term outlook 2016

Chemicals outlook

Vopak

Increasing global demand for plastics





World average plastics consumption in kg per capita



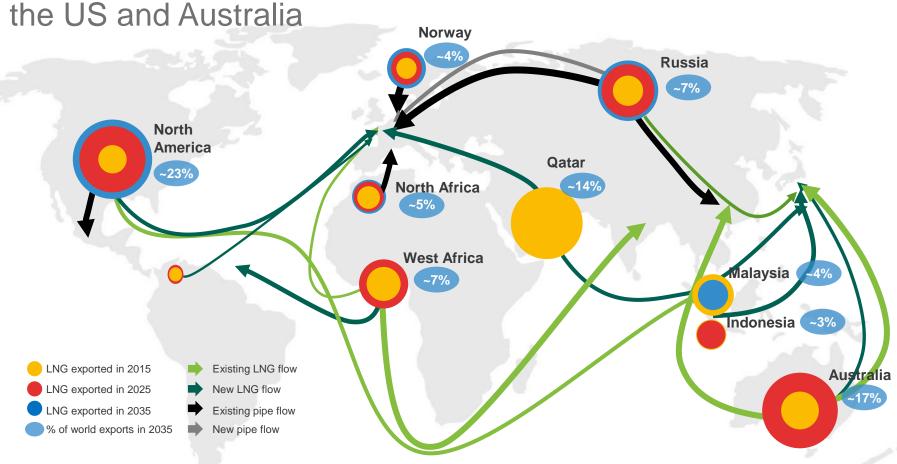
LlondellBasell's La Porte, Texas, plant – one of the many (future) petrochemical expansions in the U.S.

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Rebalancing of the LNG market



A new wave of supply expected, predominately coming from



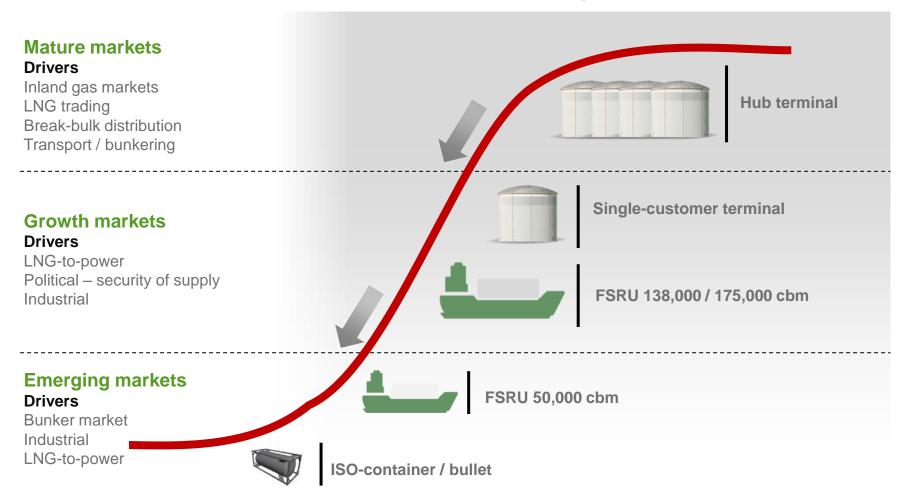
NOTE: The size of the circles depicts the supply forecasts for 2015, 2025 and 2035 for the largest LNG exporters. The sequence of concentric circles represents the growth dynamic of the exporter. Existing exporters that are forecast to expand (such as Australia and the US) have yellow circles (2015) within red and/or blue circles. Existing exporters that are forecast to decline (such as Malaysia or Indonesia) have blue (2035) or red (2025) circles surrounded by yellow (2015). New exporters with no 2015 exports are shown as red circles surrounded by blue

SOURCE: ICIS (2015) & MJMEnergy/Interfax (2015)

Vopak's LNG strategy



LNG is received, stored, reloaded or regasified





Leadership in five areas



Storing vital products with care.

Leading assets in leading locations

Operational leadership

Service leadership

Technology leadership

People leadership

Founders mentality

Vopak Values

Leading assets in leading locations



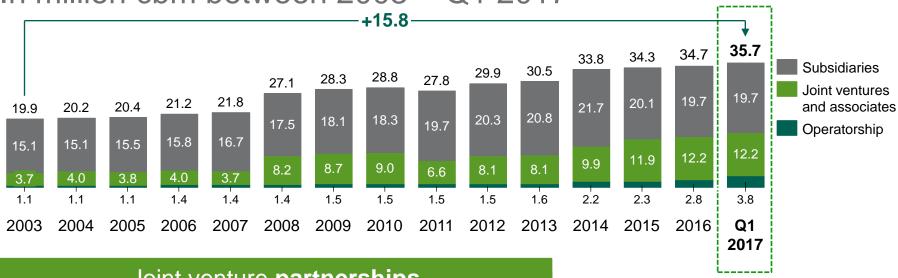
67 terminals in 25 countries*



Storage capacity developments



In million cbm between 2003 – Q1 2017



Joint venture partnerships



Access to new markets and networks



Compliance with local jurisdictions



Future options and growth opportunities



Competitive advantages

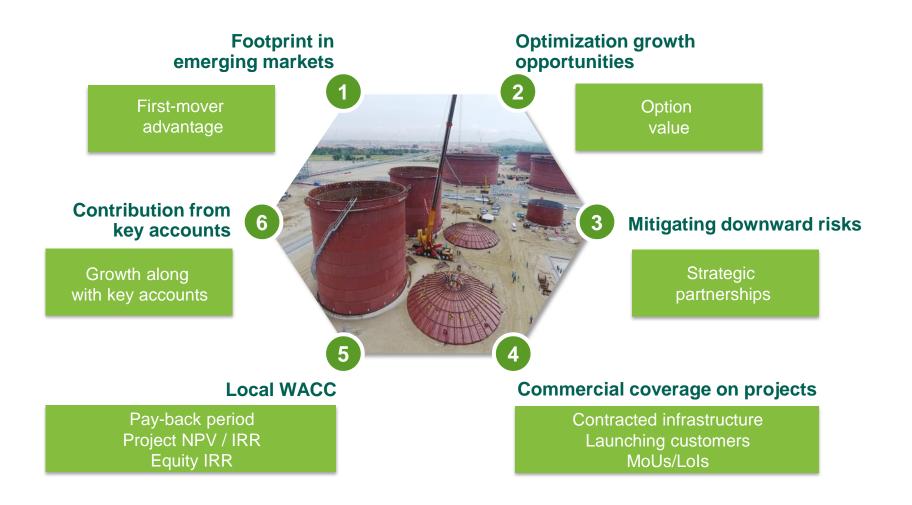


Combination of skills, sharing local specialized resource

Supporting
a balanced
risk-return profile
and selective
growth
opportunities

Return requirements for investments



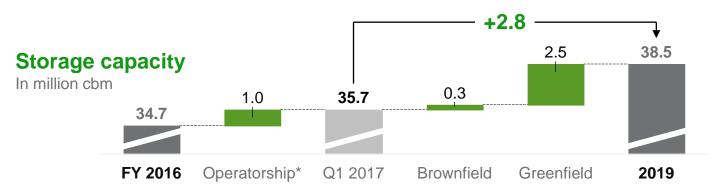


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New projects under construction



2.8 million cbm currently under construction



Announced storage capacity developments for the period up to and including 2019						
Country	Terminal	Vopak's ownership	Products	Capacity (cbm)	Expected	
Existing terminals						
China	Caojing	50%	Chemicals	24.000	Q3 2017-Q4 2017	
United States	Deer Park	100%	Chemicals	138.000	Q1 2019	
South Africa	Durban	70%	Oil products	130.000	Q2 2019	
Alemoa	Area 6	100%	Chemicals	61.000	Q1 2019	
New terminals						
Saudi Arabia	Chemtank Jubail	25%	Chemicals	377.000	Q2 2017-Q4 2017	
Panama	Panama Atlantic	100%	Oil products	360.000	Q1 2019	
South Africa	Lesedi	70%	Oil products	100.000	Q2 2019	
Malaysia	PT2SB (Pengerang)	29.7%	Chemicals/oil products/LPG	1.650.000	Q2 2019-Q3 2019	
Net change for the period up to and including 2019: 2.8 million cbm						

^{*}Brownfield expansion Vopak Singapore JTC – Jurong Rock Caverns for which Vopak only acts as the operator

Note: 'storage capacity' is defined as the total available storage capacity (jointly) operated by the Group at the end of the reporting period, being storage capacity for subsidiaries, joint ventures, associates (with the exception of Maasvlakte Olie Terminal in the Netherlands, which is based on the attributable capacity, being 1,090,861 cbm), and other (equity) interests and operatorships, and including currently out of service capacity due to maintenance and inspection programs.

Operational leadership



The right people, high quality assets and robust repeatable processes



1. Safety

- Maximizing operational safety
- Minimizing environmental impact



2. Service

- Maximizing operational productivity
- Reducing the cost of our customers value chain



3. Efficiency

- Active monitoring of assets
- Optimized sustaining capex programs
- Reducing Vopak's cost of operations

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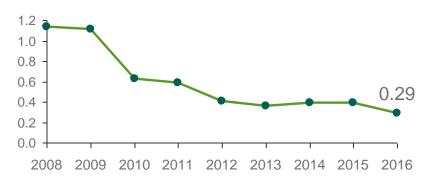
Safety performance



Process safety and occupational health and safety is our top priority

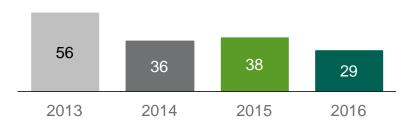
Total Injury Rate (TIR)

Total injuries per 200,000 hours worked by own employees and contractors



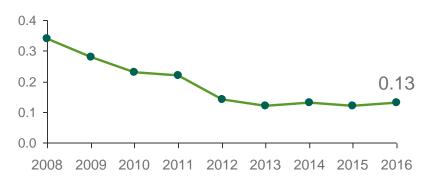
Total Process Events

Combined number of Tier 1 and Tier 2 process related events



Lost Time Injury Rate (LTIR)

Total injuries leading to lost time per 200,000 hours worked by own employees and contractors



Process Safety Events Rate (PSER)

Tier 1 and Tier 2 incidents per 200,000 hours worked by own employees and contractors (excluding greenfield projects)



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Service leadership



Based on a thorough understanding of specific customer needs combined with our in-depth knowledge of markets, products and operational expertise

Local customers

- Active at one Vopak location
- Can be largest customers at a specific Vopak location
- Local sales approach

Wide range of customers active in the production, purchasing and/or marketing of liquid products.

Customer portfolio

Global customers

- Active at multiple Vopak locations around the world
- Current turnover and future potential define Vopak's global network account approach

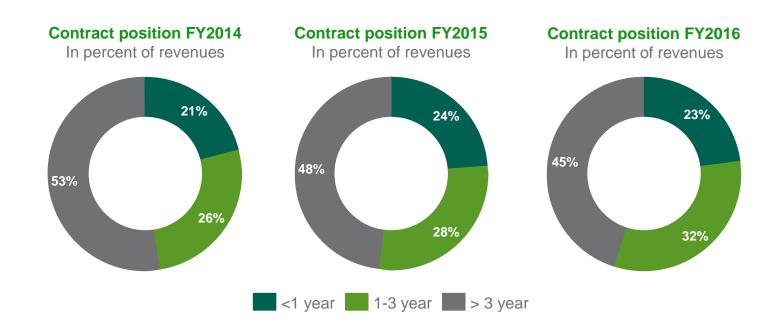
Regional customers

- Active in a specific region at more than one Vopak location
- Can be the largest customer within a division
- Regional marketing

Contract durations



A well-balanced global portfolio supported by a diversified customer base with different underlying demand drivers

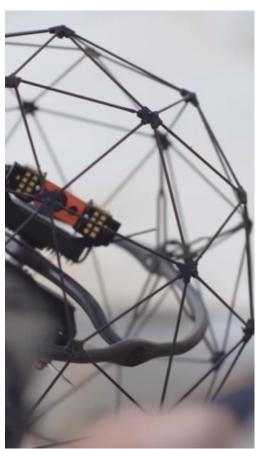


NOTE: Subsidiaries only. Contract duration based on original contract duration;.

Technology leadership



Eliminating human error, further improving our safety performance and increasing the productivity of our terminals



Vopak will accelerate investments to experiment with new technologies and, Scaling if attractive, scale these within the network capabilities to our Accelerate Accelerate network. Pilot and innovation implementation **Proof of Concept Business challenges** of a terminal

People leadership



We aim to inspire and challenge our people without losing sight of our strong competences and core values





Disciplined capital allocation, maintaining a balanced risk-return profile, and consistent dividend policy

Capital management.



Priorities for cash



1

Debt servicing

EUR 2.1 billion, remaining maturity 7 years, average interest 4.1%

2

Dividend

EUR 0.9 billion paid to shareholders in the last 12 years

3

Disciplined growth

Network expanded from 19.9 to 35.7 million cbm*

4

Capital optimization

Create further flexibility for growth

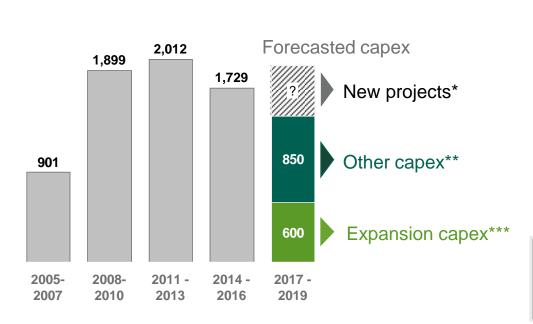
Value creation



Vopak well-positioned to take several investment decisions in the 2017-2019 period

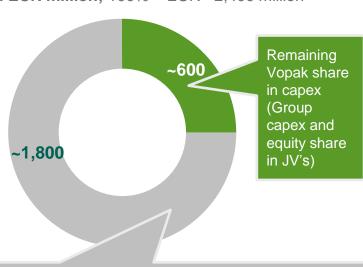
Total investments 2005-2019

In EUR million



Expansion capex**

In EUR million: 100% = EUR ~2,400 million



Group capex spent

Contributed Vopak equity share in JVs and associates Total partner's equity share in JVs and associates Total non-recourse finance in JVs and associates

Note: Includes all project announcements year-to-date. Other new announcements might increase future expansion capex.

^{*} For illustration purposes only

^{**} Forecasted sustaining and improvement capex, technology and innovation investments up to and including 2019.

^{***} Total approved expansion capex related to 2.8 million cbm under development is ~2,400 million in the years 2017 up to and including 2019.

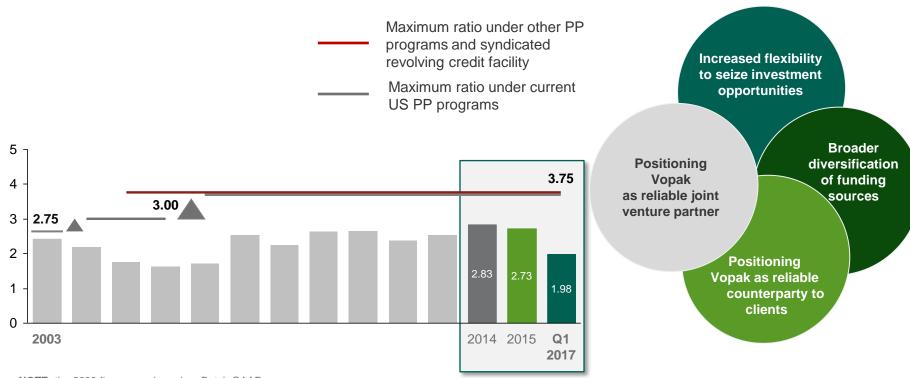
Headroom

Vopak

Financial flexibility to support growth

Senior net debt : EBITDA ratio

Strong investment grade company



NOTE: the 2003 figures are based on Dutch GAAP. For certain projects in joint ventures, additional limited guarantees have been provided, affecting the Senior net debt : EBITDA;

Capital structure

Financial flexibility to support growth





Listed on Euronext Market capitalization: EUR ~5.3 billion as per 19 April 2017

Private placement program



USD: 1.8 billion JPY: 20 billion Average remaining duration ~ 7 years

Syndicated Revolving Credit Facility



EUR 1.0 billion 15 banks participating duration until June 2021, undrawn as per 31 March, 2017

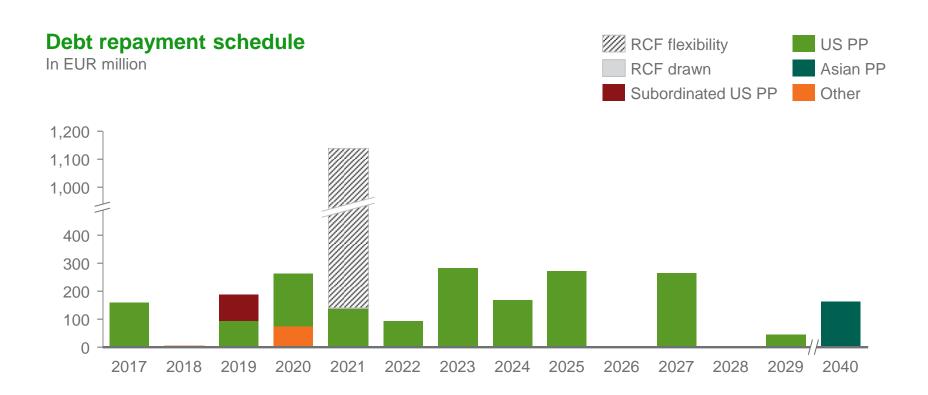
Equity(-like)



Subordinated USPP loans:
USD 102 million

Debt repayment schedule



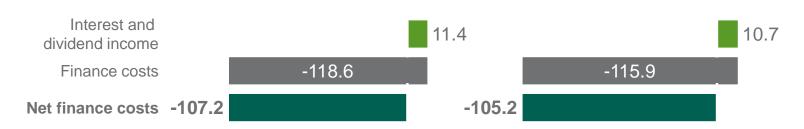


Net finance costs



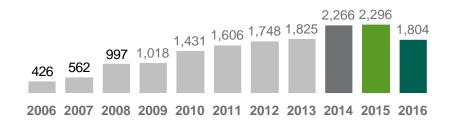
Net finance costs 2016

In EUR million



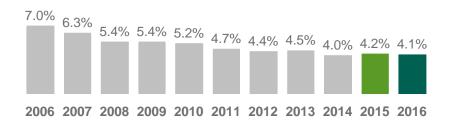
Net interest bearing debt

In EUR million



Average interest rate (after hedging)

In percent

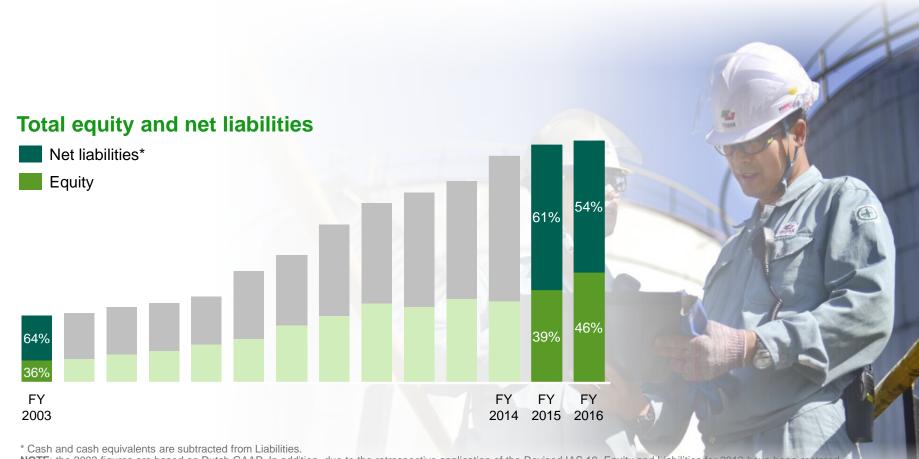


management

Solid financial position



Maintaining a consistent solvency while growing our global network



NOTE: the 2003 figures are based on Dutch GAAP. In addition, due to the retrospective application of the Revised IAS 19, Equity and Liabilities for 2012 have been restated

Stable dividend growth



CASH DIVIDEND OF

25-50% OF THE NET

Increase dividend with 5% to EUR 1.05 per share



Total dividend

In million EUR

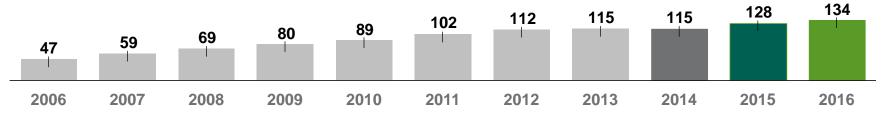
2003

0.64

1.0

0.5

0.0



*Excluding exceptional items; attributable to holders of ordinary shares; and also adjusted for 1:2 share split effectuated 17 May 2010

NOTE: the 2003 figures are based on Dutch GAAP. In addition, due to the retrospective application of the Revised IAS 19, Equity and Liabilities for 2012 have been restated.

PROFIT*

1.00

2014 2015 2016

0.90

1.05



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Long-term value creation



Key elements supporting our business model

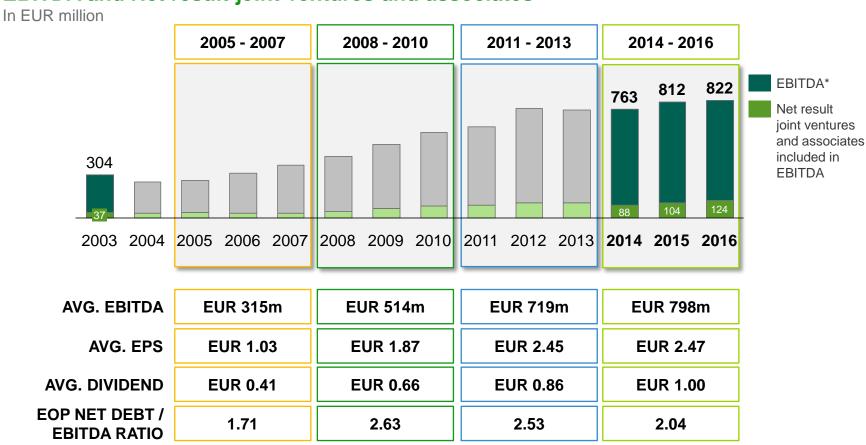


Robust business results



Capital disciplined, step-by-step EBITDA growth

EBITDA and Net result joint ventures and associates



NOTE: the 2003 figures are based on Dutch GAAP

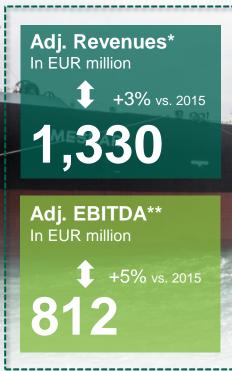
^{*}Group operating profit before depreciation and amortization (EBITDA) -excluding exceptional items- and excluding net result joint ventures and associates;

FY 2016 financial highlights



Results impacted by divestments but fully compensated thanks to higher occupancy rate supported by healthy demand drivers







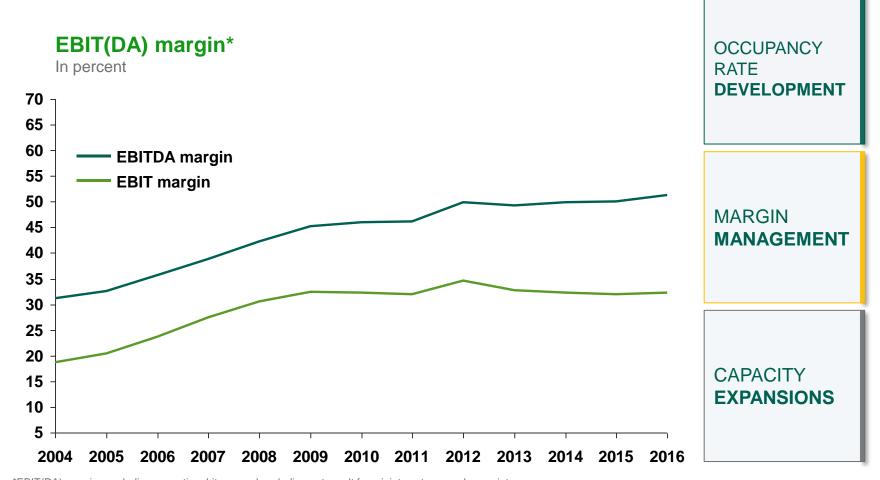
^{*} Subsidiaries only;

^{**} EBITDA (Earnings Before Interest, Tax, Depreciation and Amortization) excluding exceptional items and including net result of joint ventures and associates

Margin developments

Vopak

Maintaining solid margins

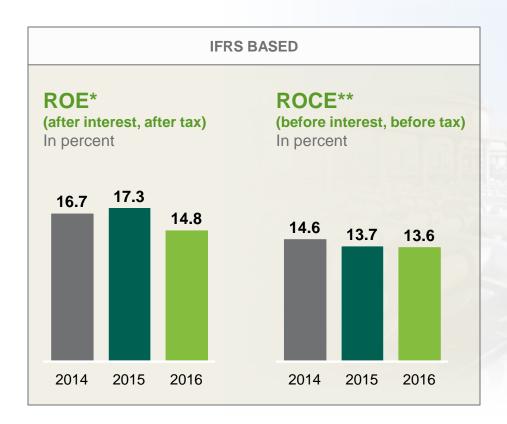


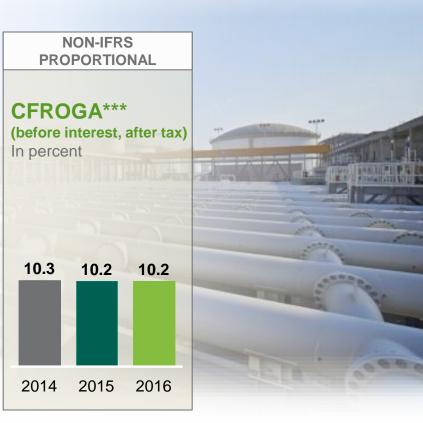
^{*}EBIT(DA) margins excluding exceptional items and excluding net result from joint ventures and associates

FY 2016 return indicators



Focus on cash flow and capital disciplined growth





^{*} Return on Equity is defined as the net profit excluding exceptionals as a percentage of the equity excluding non-controlling interest

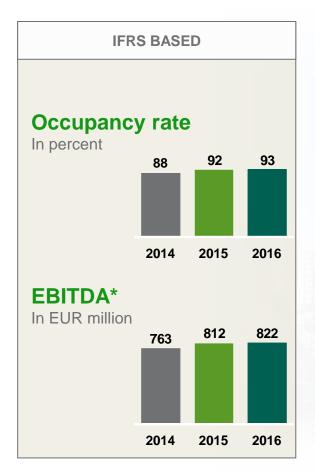
^{**} Return on Capital Employed is defined as EBIT excluding exceptionals as percentage of the capital employed

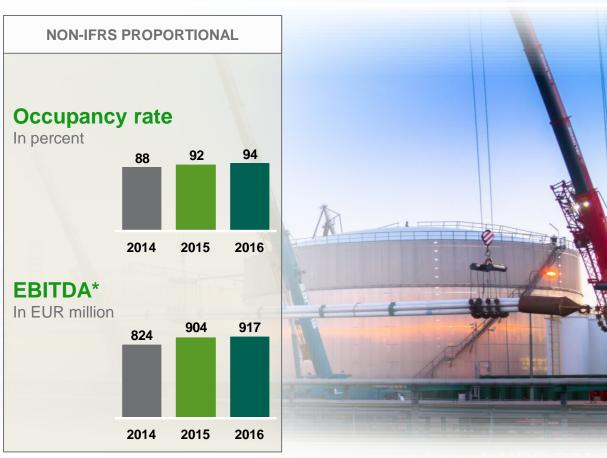
^{***} CFROGA is defined as ÉBITDA minus the statutory income tax charge on EBIT divided by the average historical investment (gross assets)

Non-IFRS proportionate information



FY 2016 key figures





Note: In the non-IFRS proportionate financial information -excluding exceptional items-, the JVs and associates and the subsidiaries with non-controlling interests are consolidated based on the economic ownership interests of the Group in these entities.

^{*} EBITDA in EUR million excluding exceptional items

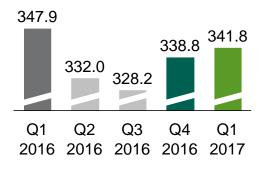
Q1 2017 key figures -excluding exceptional items-



Positive developments in Q1 2017 compared to the previous quarter, while results are lower compared to Q1 2016

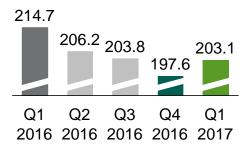
Revenues*

In EUR million



EBITDA**

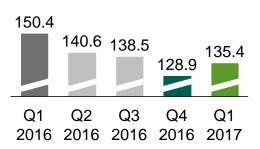
In EUR million



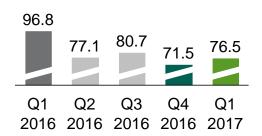


EBIT**

In EUR million



Net profit***



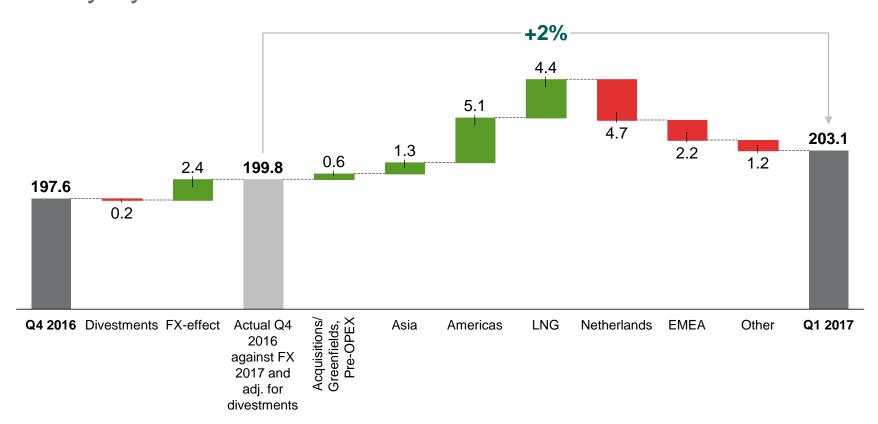


^{*}Revenue figures include subsidiaries only; ** Including net result from joint ventures and associates; ***Attributable to holders of ordinary shares

Q1-Q4 EBITDA analysis



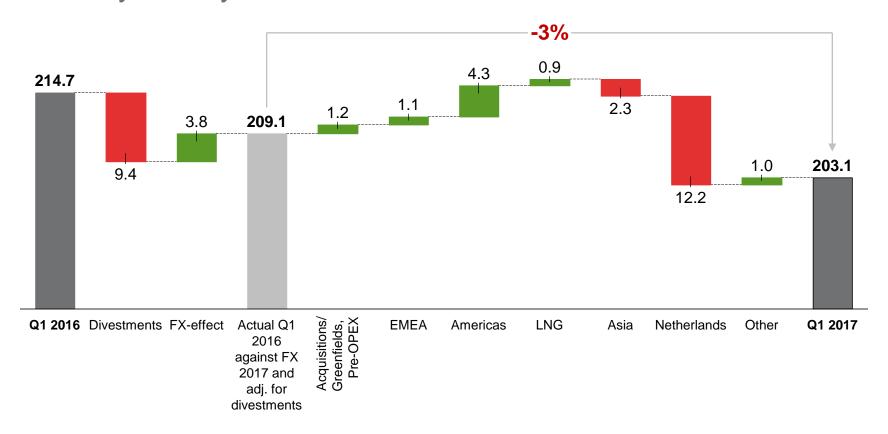
Improved results in Asia, the Americas and LNG offset mainly by the Netherlands



Q1-Q1 EBITDA analysis



Improved results in EMEA, the Americas and LNG more than offset by mainly the Netherlands

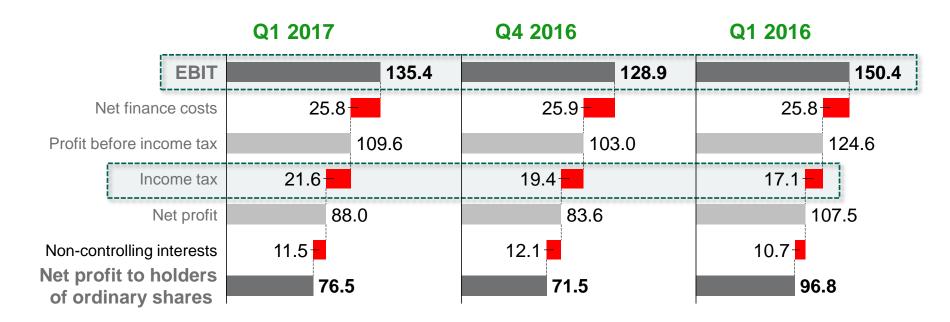


Outroduction

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EBIT to Net profit analysis



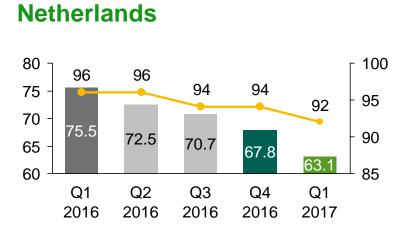


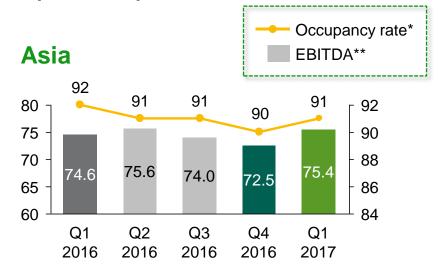
- **EBIT Q1 2017:** EUR 6.5 EUR million higher (+5%) compared the previous quarter owing to favorable foreign currency translation effects and EUR 15.0 million lower (-10%) compared to Q1 2016 due to divestments and lower occupancy rates
- Income tax Q1 2017: EUR 2.2 EUR million higher (+11%) compared to the previous quarter as a result of variations in profitable income and EUR 4.5 million higher (+26%) compared to Q1 2016 mainly due a positive one-off effect in Q1 2016

Segmentation

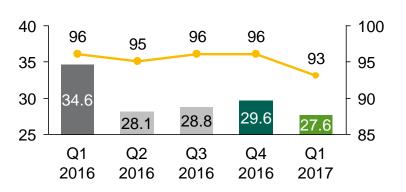


Occupancy and EBITDA development per division

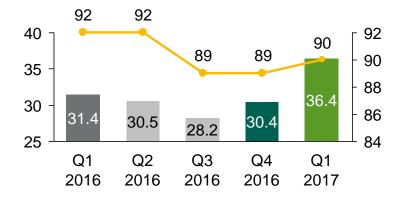




EMEA



Americas



^{*}Occupancy rate in percent for Subsidiaries only

^{**}In EUR million, excluding exceptional items; Including net result from joint ventures and associates;

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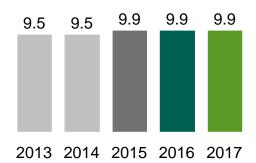
Q1 2017 Netherlands developments





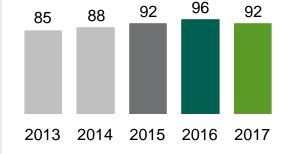
Storage capacity

In million cbm



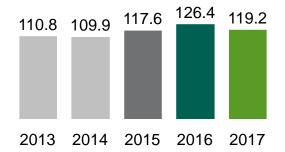
Occupancy rate*

In percent



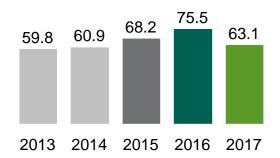
Revenues*

In EUR million

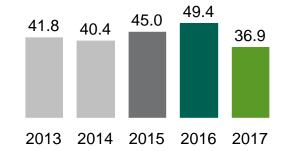


EBITDA**

In EUR million



EBIT**



^{*} Subsidiaries only;

^{**}EBITDA including net result from joint ventures and associates; excluding exceptional items;

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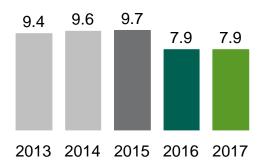
Q1 2017 EMEA developments





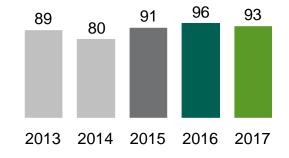
Storage capacity

In million cbm



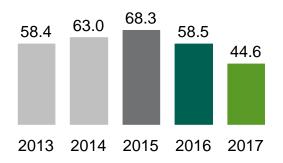
Occupancy rate*

In percent



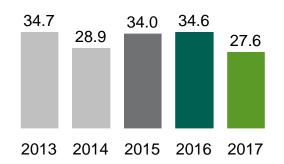
Revenues*

In EUR million

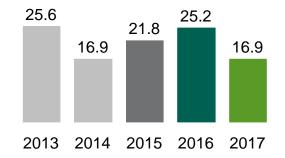


EBITDA**

In EUR million



EBIT**



^{*}Subsidiaries only;

^{**}EBITDA including net result from joint ventures and associates; excluding exceptional items;

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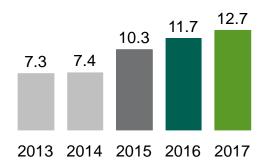
Q1 2017 Asia developments





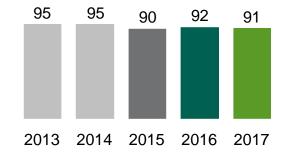
Storage capacity

In million cbm



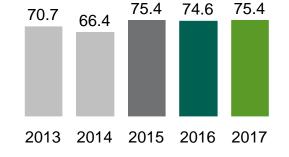
Occupancy rate*

In percent



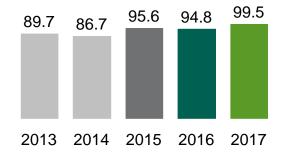
EBITDA**

In EUR million

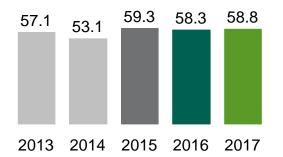


Revenues*

In EUR million



EBIT**



^{*}Subsidiaries only;

^{**}EBITDA including net result from joint ventures and associates; excluding exceptional items;

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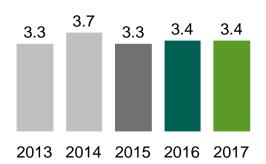
Q1 2017 Americas developments





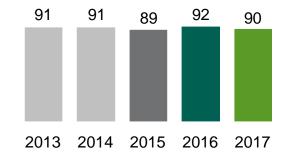
Storage capacity

In million cbm



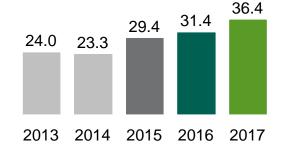
Occupancy rate*

In percent



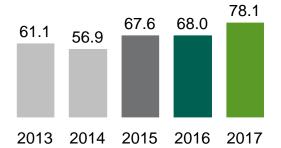
EBITDA**

In EUR million

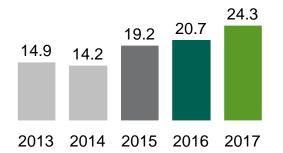


Revenues*

In EUR million



EBIT**



^{*}Subsidiaries only:

^{**}EBITDA including net result from joint ventures and associates; excluding exceptional items;

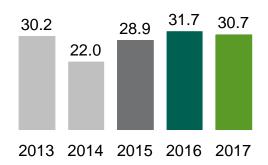
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Q1 2017 JVs and associates



Net result JVs and associates

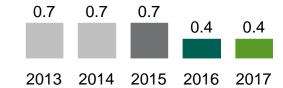
In EUR million



Note: excluding exceptional items

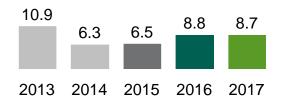
Netherlands

In EUR million



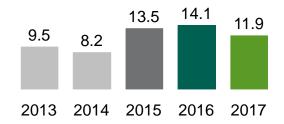
EMEA

In EUR million



Asia

In EUR million

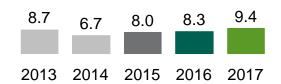


Americas

In EUR million



LNG





Looking ahead



Continue long-term growth journey

- Vopak believes it will be able to continue its long-term growth journey and positive EPS development while maintaining a Cash Flow Return On Gross Assets after tax (CFROGA) between 9% and 11%. During the period 2017-2019, Vopak anticipates volatility in energy, commodity, financial markets and unpredictable geopolitical developments.
- The Q1 financial performance is in line with our outlook 2017. We reiterate our confidence to achieve an average occupancy rate of at least 90% and expect that 2017 EBITDA will not exceed the 2016 EBITDA as a result of additional costs due to investments in growth and technology, somewhat lower occupancy rates and the missed contributions from the divested terminals.

Strategic priorities 2017-2019



Disciplined growth and productivity improvement

Growth

Vopak is well-positioned to take several investment decisions in the 2017-2019 period to capture growth.

Capex

In addition to growth capex and in line with the previous 2014-2016 capex program, Vopak aims to spend a maximum of approximately EUR 750 million on sustaining and service improvement capex for the period 2017-2019.

Productivity

To support margin developments, Vopak aims to drive further productivity through organizational and operational efficiency resulting, among others, in a reduction of the cost base with at least EUR 25 million by 2019.

IT and innovation

Vopak has decided to invest approximately EUR 100 million in the period 2017-2019 in new technology and innovation programs as well as replacing its IT systems.

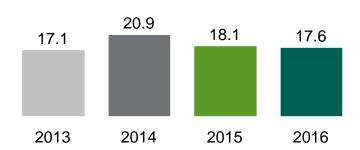
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Other topics



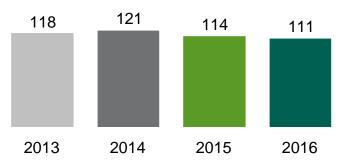
Effective tax rate*

In percent

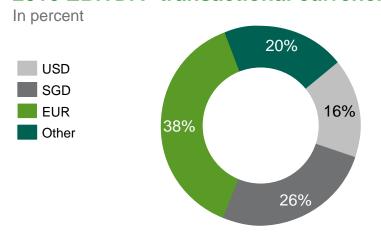


Funding level Dutch pension fund

In percent



2016 EBITDA* transactional currencies



FX translation-effect on 2016 EBITDA*

